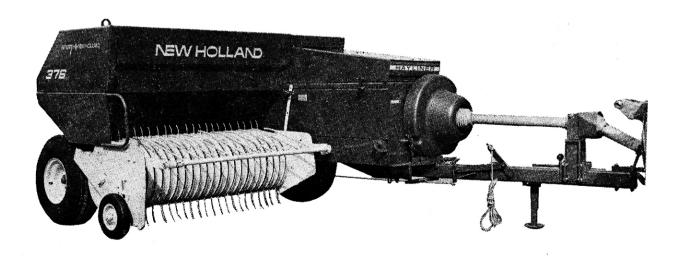
OPERATOR'S MANUAL

HAYLINER 376

SPERRY - NEW HOLLAND



CONTENTS

		P	AGE
INTRO	DUCTION		1
WARRAN'	ΓΥ		2
SAFETY	•		3
SPECIFIC			4
LUBRIC		-	5
	NG THE BALER TO THE TRACTOR — 3 joint P.T.O. shaft		8
ATTACIN	- 2 joint P.T.O. shaft		9
THREADU	YG THE BALER		10
	THE DRAWBAR TO TRANSPORT POSITION		11
	THE DRAWBAR TO WORKING POSITION		12
	THE BALER		12
	V PREPARATION		13
PLUNGER			13
	G TO BALE		14
BALE LEI	NGTH ADJUSTMENT		15
BALE SH	APE ADJUSTMENT		16
BALE WE	IGHT ADJUSTMENT		16
REPLACII	NG FLYWHEEL SHEAR BOLT		17
REPLACE	MENT OF THE KNOTTER DRIVE SHEAR BOLT		18
BAIED	ADJUSTMENTS		19
DALLI	P.T.O. drive slip clutch		19
	Needle safety latch		20
	Pick-up drive slip clutch		21
	Pick-up over-run clutch		21
	Pick-up windguard		21
	Pick-up wheel		21
	Bale counter		21
	Knotter trip arm in reset position		22
	Tripping the knotter		22
	Wheel lock cable		22
	Tine bar bearings		23
	Tine bar removal		24
	Pick-up lift spring		24
	Trip arm adjustment		25
	Feeder drive chain		25
	Tine bar timing		26
	Feeder crank arm timing		27
	Needle timing		27
	Plunger knife clearance		28
	Adjusting plunger and stationary knives parallel		30
	Plunger guide adjustment		30
	Vertical plunger adjustment		31
	Adjusting the knotter pawl stop		32
	Adjusting the knotter brake		32
	Knotter stack end play	*	33
	Knotter mounting bolts		33
	Twine disc timing		34
	Twine holder spring		34
	Bill hook cam	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 5
	Knife arm		35
	Adjusting needles and needle penetration		36
	Adjusting twine fingers	12	38
BALER	SERVICE CHART		39
	ED SERVICE CHART		43

LUBRICATION

The SPERRY NEW HOLLAND Super Hayliner 376 is designed to require a minimum of lubrication. However, regular lubrication is the best insurance against delay and repairs and greatly increases the life of the machine. Under normal conditions, the baler should be lubricated after every 3.000 bales of operation.

Following is a list of the points that require lubrication with a reference number that identifies each point on the corresponding figures.

All points except those with special notations should be lubricated until grease is forced out around the bearings and then the excess grease should be wiped off.

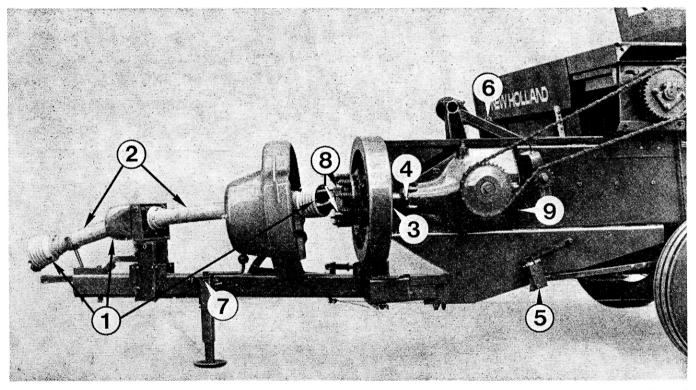


Figure 1

- 1. Fig. 1 Universal joints (3 off).
- 2. Fig. 1 Telescoping shafts (2 off).
- 3. Fig. 1 Flywheel bush.
- Fig. 1 Gearbox shaft.
 Do not force grease only until slight pressure can be detected.
- Fig. 1 Needle safety latch.
 Oil linkage as required.

IMPORTANT: Failure to grease this could result in needle breakage.

- 6. Fig. 1 Connecting rod. Lubricate every 10.000 bales.
- 7. Fig. 1 Jack.
- 8. Fig. 1 Over-run clutch pins. Oil sparingly with light oil.
- Fig. 1 Gearbox.
 Check oil level every 6.000 bales.
 Fill to level plug with good grade hypoid lubricant SAE 90.

STARTING TO BALE

- 1. Lower pick-up and ensure overcentre latch A (Fig. 17) is pointing forward.
- 2. Adjust pick-up wheel height B to suit crop conditions.
- 3. Swing drawbar to working position C (Fig. 17).
- 4. Ensure jack is in its raised position D (Fig. 17).
- 5. Ensure P.T.O. support is folded back, E (Fig. 17).

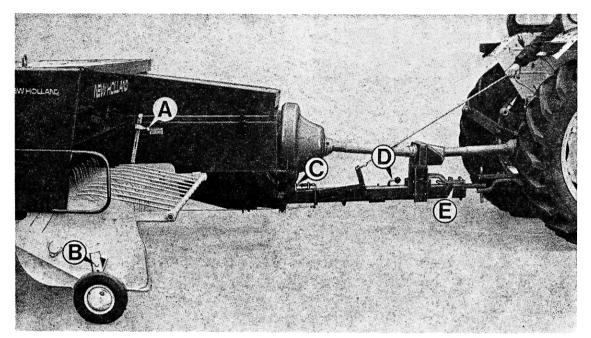


Figure 17

- 6. Lower bale chute F (Fig. 18).
- 7. Adjust bale tension cranks G (Fig. 18) so that approximately 150 mm (6") of thread is exposed.
- 8. Adjust tractor throttle to obtain 540 P.T.O. speed.
- Select a gear which gives approximately 4 km/h (2.5 MPH) at the same throttle setting.
- 10. Move forward into the swath and bale 10 12 bales.
- Stop tractor and check bale weight.
 If necessary, adjust bale tension cranks to achieve the required bale weight.



If knotters have not tied the bales correctly, do not make any adjustment at this time, but ensure that the baler is correctly threaded and that no twine is hanging on the bill hook, then continue baling and observe the result.

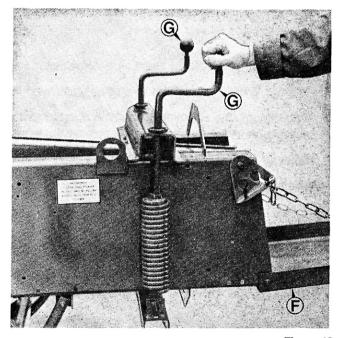


Figure 18

DO NO ATTEMPT TO CHECK KNOTTER OR MAKE ADJUSTMENTS WITH TRACTOR ENGINE RUNNING.